## Claims

1. A method for determining a dependency between a first and a second system resource performance characteristic in a computing system, comprising the steps of:

providing data values for the first performance characteristic and the second performance characteristic of the computing system; and

applying a mathematical algorithm to derive a correlation value between the first and second characteristics,

wherein the correlation value provides and indication of the relative association between the second characteristic and the first characteristic.

2. A method in accordance with claim 1, wherein the mathematical algorithm is the Pearson correlation coefficient equation.

3. A method of determining sub-optimal performance in a computing system, comprising the steps of,

determining a dependency between a first and a second system resource performance characteristic in a computing system, the step of determining the dependency including the steps of:

providing data values for the first performance characteristic and the second performance characteristic of the computing system; and

applying a mathematical algorithm to derive a correlation value between the first and second characteristics,

wherein the correlation value provides an indication of the relative association between the second characteristic and the first characteristic.

4. A system for analysing a computing system

20

15

5

10

30

25

35

comprising determination means arranged to determine a dependency between a first and a second system resource performance characteristic in a computing system, the determination means further comprising:

data gathering means arranged to provide data values for the first performance characteristic and the second performance characteristic of the computing system; and

computational means arranged to apply a mathematical algorithm to derive a correlation value between the first and second characteristics,

wherein the correlation value provides an indication of the relative association between the second characteristic and the first characteristic.

5. A computer program arranged, when loaded on a computing system, to implement the method in accordance with claim 1.

20 6. A computer readable medium providing a computer program in accordance with claim 5.

A method of analysing a computer system to determine the cause of an intermittent system overload, comprising the steps of,

providing data values for the first performance characteristic and the second performance characteristic of the computing system; and

applying a mathematical algorithm to derive a correlation value between the first and second characteristics,

wherein the correlation value provides and indication of the relative association between the second characteristic and the first characteristic.

8. A method of ameliorating the need to monitor multiple system characteristics by determining a

30

25

7.

5

10

15

35

subset of performance characteristics which particularly impact on the performance of a given computing system, comprising the steps of,

providing data values for the first performance characteristic and the second performance characteristic of the computing system; and

applying a mathematical algorithm to derive a correlation value between the first and second characteristics,

wherein the correlation value provides and indication of the relative association between the second characteristic and the first characteristic.

9. A method of analysing a computing system to

determine problematic characteristics of the
computing system to reduce the number of
characteristics which require further analysis,
comprising the steps of,

providing data values for the first performance characteristic and the second performance characteristic of the computing system; and

applying a mathematical algorithm to derive a correlation value between the first and second characteristics,

wherein the correlation value provides and indication of the relative association between the second characteristic and the first characteristic.

10

5

20

25